AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1-2 (Cancelled)
- 3. (Currently Amended): A method for making a lithium secondary battery comprising:

forming a positive electrode by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

forming a negative electrode by coating carbonaceous materials or SnO, on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a Cu-based alloy with a thickness of 20 µm or less and the Cu-based alloy comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron in an amount of 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper and cobalt in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, and also comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of nickel in an amount of 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, titanium in an amount of 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, magnesium in an amount of 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, tin in an amount of 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, zinc in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, chromium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, manganese in an amount of 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, iron in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt%, vanadium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, aluminum in an amount of 0.005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, zirconium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, niobium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, bismuth in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, lead in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and silver in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and misch metal and further comprises a copper-based material selected from the group consisting of copper, copper/nickel, copper/titanium, and copper/nickel/titanium, wherein the Cu-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

interposing a separator between the positive and negative electrodes; and injecting an electrolyte to immerse the positive and negative electrodes and the separator,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

(Currently Amended): A lithium secondary battery comprising:

 a positive electrode formed by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive
 current collector;

a negative electrode formed by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and $\rm SnO_2$ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a copper-based alloy with a thickness of 20 μ m or less and the copper-based alloy comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron in an amount of 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper and cobalt in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, and also comprises at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, titanium in an amount of 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, magnesium in an amount of 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, tin in an amount of 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, zinc in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, chromium in an

amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, manganese in an amount of 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, silicon in an amount of 0.1 to 0.5 wt% of copper, iron in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt%, vanadium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, aluminum in an amount of 0.005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, zirconium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, niobium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, phosphorous in an amount of 0.002 to 0.16 wt% of copper, bismuth in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, lead in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and silver in an amount of 0.0005 to

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator are immersed.

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4

wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

- 5. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at

least two materials comprise at least four materials.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at least two materials comprise nickel and titanium.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 5, where the at least three materials comprise nickel, titanium, and magnesium.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 6, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and manganese.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 6, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and zinc.

11-13. (Cancelled)

- 14. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 10, wherein the amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of the copper, and the amount of zinc is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of the copper.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the

Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, manganese, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, zinc, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method for making a lithium secondary battery comprising:

forming a positive electrode by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

forming a negative electrode by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and SnO₂ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a Cu-based alloy with a thickness of 20 μm or less, and the Cu-based alloy including at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron in an amount of 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper and cobalt in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, and also including at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel in an amount of 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, titanium in an amount of 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, magnesium in an amount of 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, tin in an amount of 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, zinc in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, chromium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, ron in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt%, vanadium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, aluminum in an amount of 0.005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, zirconium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, niobium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, phosphorous in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, bismuth in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, lead in

an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and silver in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and misch metal, wherein the copper-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

interposing a separator between the positive and negative electrodes; and injecting an electrolyte to immerse the positive and negative electrodes and the separator.

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least four materials.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise nickel and titanium.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the at least three materials comprise nickel, titanium, and magnesium.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and manganese.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and zinc.
- 26. (Currently Amended) A lithium secondary battery comprising: a positive electrode formed by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

a negative electrode formed by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and SnO₂ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a copper-based alloy foil with a thickness of 20 µm or less, and the copper-based alloy foil includes at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron in an amount of 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper and cobalt in an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, and also includes at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel in an amount of 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, titanium in an amount of 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, magnesium in an amount of 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, magnese in an amount of 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, and zinc in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt%;

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator are immersed.

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of

vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

- 27. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least four materials.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.
- 32. (Currently Amended) A lithium secondary battery comprising:

 a positive electrode formed by coating lithium metal oxides on a positive current controller;

a negative electrode formed by coating carbonaceous materials or SnO_2 on a negative current collector; the negative current collector being formed of a copper-based alloy foil with a thickness of 20 μ m or less and the copper-based alloy including at least one material selected from the group consisting of magnesium in an amount of 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, boron in an amount of 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, cobalt in

an amount of 0.01 to 2.0 wt%, vanadium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, niobium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, bismuth in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, tin in an amount of 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, chromium in an amount of 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper and manganese in an amount of 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper and misch metal and further comprises a copper-based material selected from the group consisting of copper, copper/nickel, copper/titanium, and copper/nickel/titanium, wherein the copper-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator are immersed.

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of hisbitum is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.